

APPENDIX D Equality Impact Assessment Form

1- Policy details	
Name of policy	Leicestershire County Council's Customer Experience Strategy
Department and service	Council wide (cross cutting)
Who has been involved in completing the Equality Impact Assessment?	Katy Murphy (Change Lead, Customer Programme) Derrabella Hadley (Head of Customer Service) Wider programme team reps
Contact numbers	0116305 2693, 0116305 9243
Date of completion	2 nd September 2024, reviewed 28 th November 2024 following public consultation

2- Objectives and background of policy or practice change

Use this section to describe the policy or practice change

1



What is the purpose, expected outcomes and ration Include the background information and context	ale?			
What is the proposal? What change and impact is intended by the proposal?	To put in place a strategy aimed at creating a shared commitment and transparency around our customer service standards across the organisation if we get it right for customers, this should in turn alleviate contact demand on our services and improve overall satisfaction.			
	 the focus is on our customers; our customers have a good experience in the interactions they have with us; all council staff take responsibility for customer service, not just employees in frontline services who deal with customers directly; we adopt best practice from within the council and other organisations; we maximise taxpayers' money by making sure that customer interactions add value and are efficient, in a fair and inclusive way; customers help us to help them by using online channels if they can; changes to customer interactions are managed appropriately. 			
	The strategy aims to ensure that those customers who can go online, do so, in order to free up phones for those who are unable to access digital channels. For example, a proportion of people contacting our services are people contacting us on behalf of others, such as partner organisations or family/friends and carers, there are also organisations trying to request things from our services or report issues with our services not on behalf of other people – the strategy aims to improve the channels which make accessing services online easier, so that such customers do not need to contact us by telephone where ever possible.			
	Some customer journeys can be streamlined, through internal process simplification there is the opportunity to reduce the time it takes to hear from us about something a customer has made contact on (although the strategy does not look to resolve council wide decision making where			



	policies and legislation dictates this e.g. whether we are able to provide someone with specialist education provision or if we are able to cut an overgrown hedge), process simplification looks to reduce the manual steps required by officers either removing the step altogether or replacing it with technology/automation to support quicker processing. Such activity reduces officer time, mitigating the need to grow a service and potentially making a cost saving altogether; any cashable savings through changes made will be achieved through vacancy freezes /attrition.
What is the rationale for this proposal?	Following a Customer and Automation update to Scrutiny Commission in Spring 2024, it was recognised that the principles that underpin the concepts and actions that the customer programme is undertaking need to be publicly set out and signed up to by elected members .
	 The strategy is needed to ensure council action in relation to customer service is aligned to: changing customer needs and expectations; advancing technologies; and the council's financial position
	This is in the context of population growth; demand is increasing for our services, and in line with that growth there is increased contact, contact often takes up a disproportionate amount of office time, so the more we can do to make customer journeys clearer, manage expectations about what the council can deliver and what it can't, as well as transparency around service levels and timescales, the less pressure there will be on services, and the more satisfied customers will be.
	We know from the insights gained as part of trialling various changes in front facing services as part of the programme, and through recent informal customer service feedback across our services that we could do better to ensure we get it right for the customer.



What equalities information or data has been gathered so far?	Key statistics from our Joint Strategic Needs Assessment 2022-25
	Age: Compared with the average population of England, the population of Leicestershire is older, with a higher
What does it show?	proportion aged 40-64 (33% in the county compared with 32.1% in England) and 65 and over (20.7% compared with 18.4% in England).
	<i>Language:</i> 95.2% of residents have English as their main language. This is followed by Polish and Gujarati (both 0.8%), Panjabi (0.6%) and Romanian (0.4%).
	<i>Deprivation:</i> Leicestershire cannot be considered deprived overall; the county is ranked 137th out of 152 upper tier authorities in England for Multiple Deprivation, where 1st is the most deprived. However, pockets of significant deprivation do exist in parts of the county.
	It must be noted that although a large proportion of customers of the council are residents of Leicestershire county council, there are other customers that we transact with that are not necessarily residents, for example, visitors to Leicestershire counting to use our amenities or wanting to report an issue with one of the services they are using, the council also handles a lot of licensing activity and again, permits and licenses are often related to an organisation or business, who may or may not be an individual and/or resident of the county.
	Council Services are not actively monitoring equalities information and data that may be collected in relation to customer service, although services capture details about the customers who are making contact, in terms of custome type, and their contact reason, this doesn't always include demographic information nor is it always actively used to make improvements. Customer information is fragmented across the local authority, due to the various systems in pla



	 We know that the profile of our customers for different services ranges considerably, particularly in terms of age and disability, this is all down to the breadth of services we provide. For example: in adult social care roughly 1/3 of customers make direct contact about themselves, 1/3 are family/friend/neighbour contacting on behalf of someone else, and the other 1/3 are professional organisations making contact. We do not as a standard capture the demographic of those people making contact, we will only hold demographic information on the people that are physically supported. In School admissions, the majority of contacts are parents and carers of school aged children (so the working age population), contacting about their child; the demographic information the service will hold is in relation to the child such as age, disability, ethnicity, free school meals etc but only where the parent has opted to provide this. In highways, customer demographic beyond type of customer is not collected as standard, for example, someone reporting a broken grit bin is unlikely to provide more in depth information about themself. What we do know is over 90% of people contacting are the general public (who may or may not be a resident of Leicestershire, as they may be reporting something whilst travelling through the county), the re maining 10% of customers are a broad range, from parish councils and the police through to skips and scaffolding companies.
What engagement has been undertaken so far?	During summer 2024 the programme team has actively made contact with recent customers to ask them about their overall customer experience with the council and what their contact channel preferences are and why, within the data
What does it show?	 collected we invited respondents to provide demographic data around their: Gender Age Ethnicity Disability Sexuality This helped give us a better understanding around any variations between customer groups based on the service they were contacting about.



3000 Customers were approached at random via text message following a contact they had recently had with one of our services, customers were from a broad range of our services, the survey was also publicised in libraries and in county hall reception as well as on the website.

Out of 316 total survey respondents, approximately 20% chose not to answer questions on demographics, those who answered the questions reported the following:

Q1 In what role are you responding to this	Leicestershire resident	228	72.2%
survey?	Family/friend/parent/carer of a Leicestershire resident	37	11.7%
	Representative of a provider (care, education etc.)	18	5.7%
	Representative of a VCS/ charity / community group	7	2.2%
	Member of the public (not living in Leicestershire)	10	3.2%
	Representative of a business or private sector organisation	6	1.9%
	Representative of a district, borough, city or county council	2	0.6%
	Leicestershire County Council employee	2	0.6%
	Other (please specify)	6	1.9%
Q9 What is your gender?	Female	178	66.4%
	Male	84	31.3%
	I use another term	6	2.2%
Q10 Is the gender you identify with the	Yes	259	99.2%
same as your sex registered at birth?	No	2	0.8%
Q10 Is the gender you identify with the	Yes	259	99.2%
same as your sex registered at birth?	No	2	0.8%
Q13 What is your ethnic group?	White	231	90.9%
	Asian or Asian British	12	4.7%
	Mixed	3	1.2%
	Other ethnic group	8	3.1%
Q14 What is your sexual orientation?	Straight/ Heterosexual	217	91.2%
	Bi	4	1.7%
	Gay or Lesbian	6	2.5%
	l use another term	11	4.6%
n summary the majority of res	pondents were:		
- a Leicestershire re	sident (72.2%)		
	510611(72.270)		
 female (66.4%) 			



 aged between 45 and 74 (68.2%) did <u>not</u> have a long standing illness or disa white ethnicity (90.9%) Straight/heterosexual (91.2%) 	oility (60.8%)		
The demographic for different services can vary greatly reporting to have a disability or long term illness, there relation to gender, ethnicity or sexuality.	were no obv		
Age by service area – those reporting to be age 64 and			
Response	#	%	
Adult Social Care and Support	33	22.8%	
Roads, Transport and Parking	26	17.9%	
Education and Children	38	26.2%	
Registrars (births, deaths, marriages)	16	11.0%	
Health and Wellbeing	5	3.4%	
Libraries, Leisure and other community services	5	3.4%	
Environment and Planning	2	1.4%	
LINI OITHEIL and Flaming		13.8%	



Response	#	%
Adult Social Care and Support	51	32.5%
Roads, Transport and Parking	43	27.4%
Education and Children	5	3.2%
Registrars (births, deaths, marriages)	5	3.2%
Health and Wellbeing	6	3.8%
Libraries, Leisure and other community services	6	3.8%
Environment and Planning	4	2.5%
	-	
Other (please specify) Disability - Those reporting to have a disab Response		gstandingil
Disability - Those reporting to have a disab	lityorlon	gstandingil
Disability - Those reporting to have a disab Response	lity or lon; ‡	g standing il : % 5 27.2%
Disability - Those reporting to have a disab Response Adult Social Care and Support	lity or long # 25	g standing il % 5 27.2% 5 17.4%
Disability - Those reporting to have a disab Response Adult Social Care and Support Roads, Transport and Parking	lity or long # 25 16	g standing il % 5 27.2% 6 17.4% 4 15.2%
Disability - Those reporting to have a disab Response Adult Social Care and Support Roads, Transport and Parking Education and Children	lity or lon; # 25 16 14	g standing il % 5 27.2% 5 17.4% 4 15.2% 5 5.4%
Disability - Those reporting to have a disab Response Adult Social Care and Support Roads, Transport and Parking Education and Children Registrars (births, deaths, marriages)	lity or long # 25 16 14 5	g standing il % 5 27.2% 5 17.4% 4 15.2% 5 5.4% 6 6.5%
Disability - Those reporting to have a disab Response Adult Social Care and Support Roads, Transport and Parking Education and Children Registrars (births, deaths, marriages) Health and Wellbeing	lity or long # 25 16 14 5 6	g standing il 6 27.2% 6 17.4% 9 15.2% 6 5.4% 6 6.5% 8 3.3%



Response	#	%
Adult Social Care and Support	29	19.6%
Roads, Transport and Parking	38	25.7%
Education and Children	25	16.9%
Registrars (births, deaths, marriages)	16	10.8%
Health and Wellbeing	4	2.7%
Libraries, Leisure and other community services	8	5.4%
Environment and Planning	5	3.4%
Other (please specify)	23	15.5%

Customer satisfaction levels by demographic group:

Over 85's reported highest level of dissatisfaction, although the total cohort of responses were significantly smaller.

Age	% reporting dissatisfaction	Total cohort	Comment – dominant service area causing dissatisfaction and volume
15-24	50%	4	Registrars (1), unspecified (1)
25-34	23%	13	n/a insignificant
35-44	55%	29	Education and Children (13)
45-54	54%	48	Adult social care (6), Education and Children (11), roads and transport (5)
55-64	54%	56	Adult Social Care (7), roads and transport (7), Other (8)
65-74	29%	66	Roads and transport (8), Other (6)
75-84	21%	24	n/a – insignificant
85 +	67%	7	Roads and transport (1), Other (3)

Similar levels of dissatisfaction between Males and Females, those who selected that they choose another term for their gender reported higher dissatisfaction although the cohort was considerably smaller.



 Female: 42% dissatisfaction (total cohort: 171) Male: 45% dissatisfaction (total cohort: 80) Use another term: 67% dissatisfaction (total cohort: 4/6) Limited difference in satisfaction levels between ethnic groups or between those reporting to have a disability or not. 	
Customer contact/communication preferences by demographic group:	
Age:	
Respondents over the age of 75 stated that telephone (93%) and email (92%) were the most important channels of communication for them, with 63% of this group also stating that online was fairly or very important.	
Those aged between 35 and 44 years of age, were most likely to regard online as fairly or very important to them when communicating with the council at 89%.	70
Ethnicity:	
Although not statistically significant due to the sample size, 89% of non-white respondents considered the online change fairly or very important to them (all of these customers were aged 64 or below).	
Disability:	
79% of respondents reporting to have a disability or long term illness classed the online channel as either very important or fairly important to them.	
<i>Gender</i> : There were no differences of significance	



A small minority of customers (11 people, and 3% of respondents who answered the question) reported access to a mobile device or computer being a reason that would prevent them from going online.

The full informal customer engagement report is attached as an appendix to the Cabinet report.

Formal 8 week public consultation on the strategy

A formal consultation took place to seek views on the draft customer experience strategy, this consultation ran for 8 weeks from 14th September until 10th November 2024.

The questions asked in this formal consultation are directly about our proposals within the strategy, including:

- 1. In what role are you responding to the strategy
- 2. When was the last time you were in contact with the council
- 3. To what extent do you agree with the vision
- 4. To what extend do you agree with each of the principles (Each principle within the strategy is broken down into individual questions)
- 5. Customers are asked to expand on why they provided the response
- 6. What else, if anything, should we consider within our draft Customer Experience Strategy 2024-28? Do you have any views about what we could do to deliver this?

There were been multiple media releases, social media publicity, an online survey option for the duration of the consultation on the website, posters around county hall and in reception and LCC libraries, as well as targeted email communications to staff group networks including:

- 1. Disabled workers group
- 2. LGBTQ+
- 3. Black Asian Minority Ethnic (BAME)

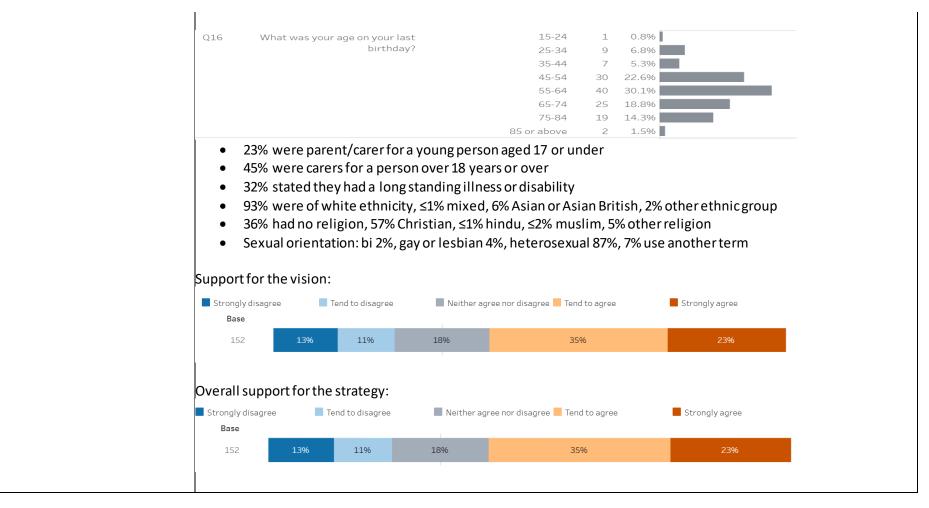
And targeted communication to a range of voluntary and community groups including:

- 1. Carers network
- 2. District Councils
- 3. Leicestershire Equalities Challenge Group (LECG)

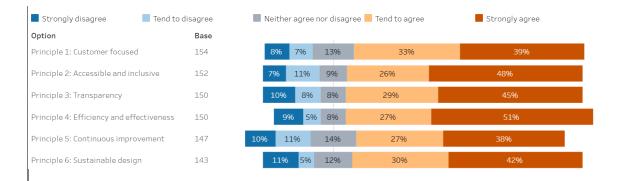


4. Vistablind
5. Leicestershiregate (Traveller, gypsy and roma community group)
6. Leicestershiredeafforum
7. Police
8. NHS
9. Fire Service
10. East Midlands Ambulance Service
1748 text messages were sent to customers who had made contact with the council's Customer Service Centre (i.e. Highways, School Admissions and Adult Social Care) between mid Sep and mid Oct 2024, to help raise awareness with real customers regarding the consultation.
All groups were invited to comment on the strategy using the survey link or by getting in touch with the programme team to arrange face to face or virtual briefings.
A list of 94 separate external media contacts were made aware of the consultation, including television networks, radio stations, and local and daily newspapers.
An in-person session took place with LECG for 27 th November 2024, although outside of the consultation period, the
session will enable the team to ensure any implications from discussion are taken forward as part of strategy
implementation; concerns around diverting people who " <i>could</i> " go online but may be at risk of isolation, loneliness or
safeguarding needs to be recognised as a risk.
Final stats:
• 154 respondents
 60% were a Leicestershire resident (with responses received from all parts of the county), 19% family/friend of a
Leicestershire resident, 17% a County Council employee, 2% parish or district council, and 2% other.
 Most respondents had been in contact with the council in the last 6 months (68%) and a further 12% within the
last 12 months.
 Gender: 40% male, 59% female, 1% use another term









When broken down by different demographics there is nothing statistically significant to note about the responses, as demonstrated when looking at responses linked to the strategy principles:

		All		Age	Dis	sability
			Over 65	Under 65	Yes	No
	Customer focussed	85%	88%	83%	88%	89%
	Accessible and inclusive	83%	85%	81%	82%	86%
3.	Transparency	83%	83%	82%	76%	87%
	Efficiency and Effectiveness	86%	89%	85%	82%	93%
	Continuous improvement	79%	80%	80%	76%	82%
6.	Sustainable design	84%	85%	83%	82%	87%



4- Benefits, concerns and mitigating action

Please specify if any individuals or community groups who identify with any of the '<u>protected characteristics</u>' may **potentially** be affected by the policy and describe any benefits and concerns including any barriers. Use this section to demonstrate how risks would be mitigated for each affected group. If a group will not be affected by the proposal please state so.

Group	for those from the following groups?	What are the concerns identified and how will these affect those from the following groups?	How will the known concerns be mitigated?
Age		offerings, particularly those of an older generation.	Assisted digital via telephone appointments for those services with groups of customers that could be at risk of isolation, are measures that will be put in place.
	older i.e. over 75s, where required, there will be a quicker response time via more traditional channels as a result of other customers directed online	but in reality needs a human contact is	groups, and customers can continue to speak with advisors at County Hall reception where needed.
		that are associated with over 60's which impact the way someone may need to communicate with the council.	Paper by exception as part of a reasonable adjustment.
			Adult learning courses to support digital upskilling.



			Ensure there is always a human agent that can speak to a customer who would benefit from discussing a matter with someone; Adult Social Care customer services will do everything to prioritise calls from the public over professionals/orgs that could serve online.
Disability	advice Simplified journeys For customers with a disability or illness that impacts their ability to use online channels, such individuals will continue to be supported via more traditional channels such as the phone line, getting	Channels not sufficiently supporting people with neurodiversity, i.e. provision of information and communications material not set out sufficiently clearly leading to confusion, frustration or misunderstanding. Loneliness/ isolation/ or safeguarding risk if someone that "could" go online but in reality needs a human contact is forced to go online.	professionals/orgs that could serve online. make online offers easier to use and



			request (e.g. braille, easy read, alternative language etc), we make the journey clear and simple for people to make such requests working with customer feedback to improve the offer Consistent customer service standard, skills and behaviours applied irrespective of the service or channel.
Race	No impact, although simplified journey with clear plain English context will support those whose first language is no English, to navigate easier	of non-white ethnic origin deemed tonline channels more important to	through each customer journey make explicit from the outset what translation services are available for people
Sex	No impact – although improved customer service standards across the organisation will promote positive behaviours	Although only a small cohort, there were 4/6 people (67%) of people who refer to another gender term reported a level of dissatisfaction with customer service, higher the average across those classifying as female or male. Awaiting additional analysis of strategy consultation feedback	
Gender Reassignment	No impact – although improved customer service standards across the organisation will promote positive behaviours	Nothing of note	



Marriage and Civil Partnership	No impact – although improved customer service standards across the organisation will promote positive behaviours	Not measured	
Sexual Orientation	No impact – although improved customer service standards across the organisation will promote positive behaviours	Awaiting analysis of full strategy consultation feedback	
Pregnancy and Maternity	No impact – although improved customer service standards across the organisation will promote positive behaviours	Not measured	
Religion or Belief	No impact – although improved customer service standards across the organisation will promote positive behaviours	Awaiting analysis of full strategy consultation feedback	
Armed Forces (including veterans)	No impact – although improved customer service standards across the organisation will promote positive behaviours	Not measured	
People with lived care experience	No impact – although improved customer service standards across the organisation will promote positive behaviours	Awaiting analysis of full strategy consultation feedback	



|--|

5- Action Plan Produce a framework to outline how identified risks/concerns identified in section 4 will be mitigated.					
What action is planned?	Who is responsible for the action?	Timescale	Expected outcome		



Build in clarity within the strategy to reflect the concerns raised	Customer programme team		Revised strategy to address any gaps, realistic and measurable implementation plan
Draw specific links to the councils Equality Diversity and Inclusion strategy which commits itself to "accessible and fair services"	Customer programme team	Early 2025	Clear alignment to the measures to support accessible communication

Departmental Equalities Group	(please post any comments from the Departmental Equalities Group here) Set out the date when the EIA was considered
	Awaiting feedback from Corporate Resources DEG
	The EIA has been considered by the Leicestershire Equalities Challenge Group
Corporate Policy Team	Please set out comments from the Corporate Policy Team
	Awaitingfeedback



		1
Sign off by the Senior Responsible Officer for the Project.		
	Jayne Glasgow	

This page is intentionally left blank